MACM 101 (D200) Homework WHW 5 (Chapter 7) Inductions and recursions Due November 10, 2020; 12:30 pm

November 2, 2020

Exercises from the text (To be handed in)

- (1) 7.1.2 (c,d,e)
- (2) 7.1.4 (a,b,c,d)
- (3) 7.2.1 (b,c,g)
- (4) 7.2.2 (a,b)
- (5) 7.3.3 (b)
- (6) 7.3.4 (b,d)
- (7) 7.3.6 (b)
- (8) 7.4.1 (g)
- (9) 7.4.2 (b,d)
- (10) 7.4.3 (e,f)
- (11) 7.5.2 (b)
- (12) 7.5.3 (c,d)

Other Problems (Not to be handed in).

1. Consider n + 2 distinct point from the circumference of a circle. If consecutive points along the circle are joined by line segments creating a polygon with n+2 sides then the sum of interior angle of the resulting polygon equals 180n degree.



- 2. Suppose that a sequence a_n (n = 0, 1, 2, ...) is defined recursively by $a_0 = 1$, $a_1 = 7$, $a_n = 4a_{n-1} 4a_{n-2}$ $(n \ge 2)$. Prove by induction that $a_n = (5n+2)2^{n-1}$ for all $n \ge 0$.
- 3. Show that, for any positive integer n, n lines "in general position" (i.e. no two of them are parallel, no three of them pass through the same point) in the plane \mathbb{R}^2 divide the plane into exactly $\frac{n^2+n+2}{2}$ regions. (Hint: Use the fact that an *n*th line will cut all n-1 lines, and thereby create n new regions.)
- 4. Give a recursive definition of the sequence $\{a_n\}, n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$, if
 - (a) $a_n = 4n$
 - (b) $a_n = 4^n$
 - (c) $a_n = 4$
- 5. Give a recursive definition for the set of all
 - (a) positive even integers
 - (b) positive odd integers
 - (c) nonnegative even integers