

Test bank questions on set theory

1. Prove or disprove: if A , B and C are sets, then $A - (B \cap C) = (A - B) \cap C$.
2. Prove or disprove $A \Delta (B \Delta C) = (A \Delta B) \Delta C$.
3. Determine which relationship $\subseteq, =, \supseteq$, is true for the pair of sets.
 - (a) $A \cup (B \cap C), (A \cup B) \cap C$
 - (b) $(A - B) \cup (A - C), A - (B \cap C)$.
 - (c) $(A - C) - (B - C), A - B$.
4. Determine whether the given set is the power set of some set. If the set is a power set, give the set of which it is a power set.
 - (a) $\{\Phi, \{\Phi\}, \{a\}, \{\{a\}\}, \{\{\{a\}\}\}, \{\Phi, a\}, \{\Phi, \{\{a\}\}\}, \{a, \{a\}\}, \{a, \{\{a\}\}\}, \{\{a\}, \{\{a\}\}\}, \{\Phi, a, \{a\}\}, \{\Phi, a, \{\{a\}\}\}, \{\Phi, \{a\}, \{\{a\}\}\}, \{a, \{a\}, \{\{a\}\}\}, \{\Phi, a, \{a\}, \{\{a\}\}\}\}$.
5. Prove that $\overline{\overline{A \cup B}} = A \cap B$ for all sets A and B .
6. True or False? Assume that the statement applies to all sets.
 - (a) There is a set A such that $|\mathcal{P}(A)| = 12$.
 - (b) $A \Delta A = A$.
 - (c) $\overline{(A \cup \overline{B}) \cup A} = \overline{A}$.
7. Find three subsets of $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$ such that the intersection of any two has size 2 and the intersection of all three has size 1.
8. Fill the blanks
 - (a) $\bigcup_{i=1}^{+\infty} [-\frac{1}{i}, \frac{1}{i}] = \dots\dots\dots$
 - (b) If $U = \{1, 2, \dots, 9\}$, $A =$ all multiples of 2, $B =$ all multiples of 3, and $C = \{3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$, then $C - (B - A) = \dots\dots\dots$

9. Suppose $A = \{a, b, c\}$. TRUE or FALSE?

(a) $\{a, c\} \subset A$.

(b) $\{a, c\} \in A \times A$.

(c) $\Phi \subseteq A \times A$.

10. Determine if the set is finite or infinite. If finite, find its size.

(a) $A \times A$ where $A = \{x : x \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ and } x^2 < 10\}$.

(b) $A \times A$ where $A = \{x : x \in \mathbb{Q} \text{ and } x^2 < 10\}$.

(c) $\{x : x \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } 9x^2 - 1 = 0\}$.