

Homework 3-1  
MACM 101  
February 8, 2014  
Date due: February 22, 2014.

**Part A:** The following problems are for your practice only. You are strongly encouraged to work on these problems. You don't need to hand in the solutions to these problems. None of these problems will be considered for the marking.

1. Section 2.4:  $2b, 4abcd, 8abcd, 12, 18, 26$
2. Section 2.5:  $6, 10$
3. Find a counterexample, if possible, to the following quantified statement, where the universe for all variables consists of all integers

$$\exists x \exists y (x^2 + y^2 = 15)$$

4. Brown, Johns and Landau are charged with bank robbery. The thieves escaped in a car that was waiting for them. At the inquest Brown stated that the criminals had escaped in a blue Buick; Johns stated that it had been a black Chevrolet, and Landau said that it had been a Ford Granada and by no means blue. It turned out that wishing to confuse the Court, each one of them only indicated correctly either the make of the car or only its color. What color was the car and of what make?
5. Explain whether the following assertion is true and negate it. The universe for both  $m$  and  $n$  is  $\mathbb{Z}$ .

$$\forall n \exists m (n^2 > 4n \rightarrow 2^n > 2^m + 10)$$

**Part B:** Homework questions.

1. Rewrite the following statement so that negations appear only within predicates (that is, no negation is outside a quantifier or an expression involving logical connectives)

$$\neg (\forall x ((\forall y \exists z (p(x) \wedge q(y, z)) \oplus (\forall y \forall z (p(z) \vee q(z, y)))))$$

2. For each quantified formula that follows: find a universe  $U$  and predicates  $A, B, P$  in which the formula is true and  $U, A, B, P$  in which it is false.
  - (a)  $\forall x ((A(x) \vee B(x)) \wedge \neg(A(x) \wedge B(x)))$
  - (b)  $\forall x \forall y (P(x, y) \rightarrow P(y, x))$

- (c)  $\forall x A(x) \rightarrow (\forall x B(x) \rightarrow (\forall x (A(x) \rightarrow B(x))))$
3. For the following formulas, let the universe be  $\mathbb{R}$ . Translate each of the following sentences into a formula using quantifiers.
- (a) There is no largest number.
  - (b) There is no smallest positive number.
  - (c) Between any two distinct numbers, there is a third number not equal to either of them.
4.  $A, B, C, D$  ran a race. Asked how they made out, they replied:
- $A$ : “ $C$  won;  $D$  was second.”
  - $B$ : “ $C$  was second;  $D$  was third.”
  - $C$ : “ $D$  was last;  $A$  was second.”

If each of the individuals made one and only one true statement, who won the race?

{ hints: Given the propositions “ $p$ :  $C$  won”; and “ $q$ :  $D$  was second”. From the reply of  $A$  we can say that  $p \vee q$  is true. }

5. Explain whether the following assertion is true and negate it. The universe for both  $m$  and  $n$  is  $\mathbb{Z}$ .

$$\forall n \exists m (n > 3 \rightarrow (n + 7)^2 > 49 + m)$$