

Machine Reading of Natural Language and Interactive Visualization

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Summarization

SQuASH: SFU QA Summarization System

Input: 25 news articles,

Complex question **Output:** 250-word summary

Q. Describe developments in the movement for the independence of Quebec from Canada.

A. Canadian Prime Minister Jean Chretien has ruled out the possibility that the French-speaking province of Quebec could declare independence even if a majority of Quebecers vote for secession in the next referendum. Premier Lucien Bouchard and the separatist Parti Quebecois have retained control of Canada's largest province, possibly setting the stage for a bitter confrontation with the rest of Canada, and possibly another referendum on independence. Canada's Supreme Court managed to rule on the question of Quebec secession without infuriating leaders on either side of a bitter ideological divide.
...

What's wrong with this picture?

Canadian Prime Minister Jean Chretien has ruled out the possibility that the French-speaking province of Quebec could declare independence even if a majority of Quebecers vote for secession in the next referendum. Premier Lucien Bouchard and the separatist Parti Quebecois have retained control of Canada's largest province, possibly setting the stage for a bitter confrontation with the rest of Canada, and possibly another referendum on independence. Canada's Supreme Court managed to rule on the question of Quebec secession without infuriating leaders on either side of a bitter ideological divide. ...

- Difficult to evaluate.
- The summary is static. Not interactive.
- Completely *new* summary in response to new questions.
- Many different facets in the question and summary:
 - **people**, **locations**, **predicates** (cannot select facets)
- Can NLP help people create better summaries?

Interactive visualization for language summarization

One problem:

**Language is tough to
visualize**

SUBJECT PUNCHED QUICKLY OXIDIZED TCEJBUS DEHCNUP YLKCIUQ DEZIDIXO
CERTAIN QUICKLY PUNCHED METHODS NIATREC YLKCIUQ DEHCNUP SDOHTEM
SCIENCE ENGLISH RECORDS COLUMNS ECNEICS HSILGNE SDROCER SNMULOC
GOVERNS PRECISE EXAMPLE MERCURY SNREVOG ESICERP ELPMAXE YRUCREM
CERTAIN QUICKLY PUNCHED METHODS NIATREC YLKCIUQ DEHCNUP SDOHTEM
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SCIENCE ENGLISH RECORDS COLUMNS ECNEICS HSILGNE SDROCER SNMULOC

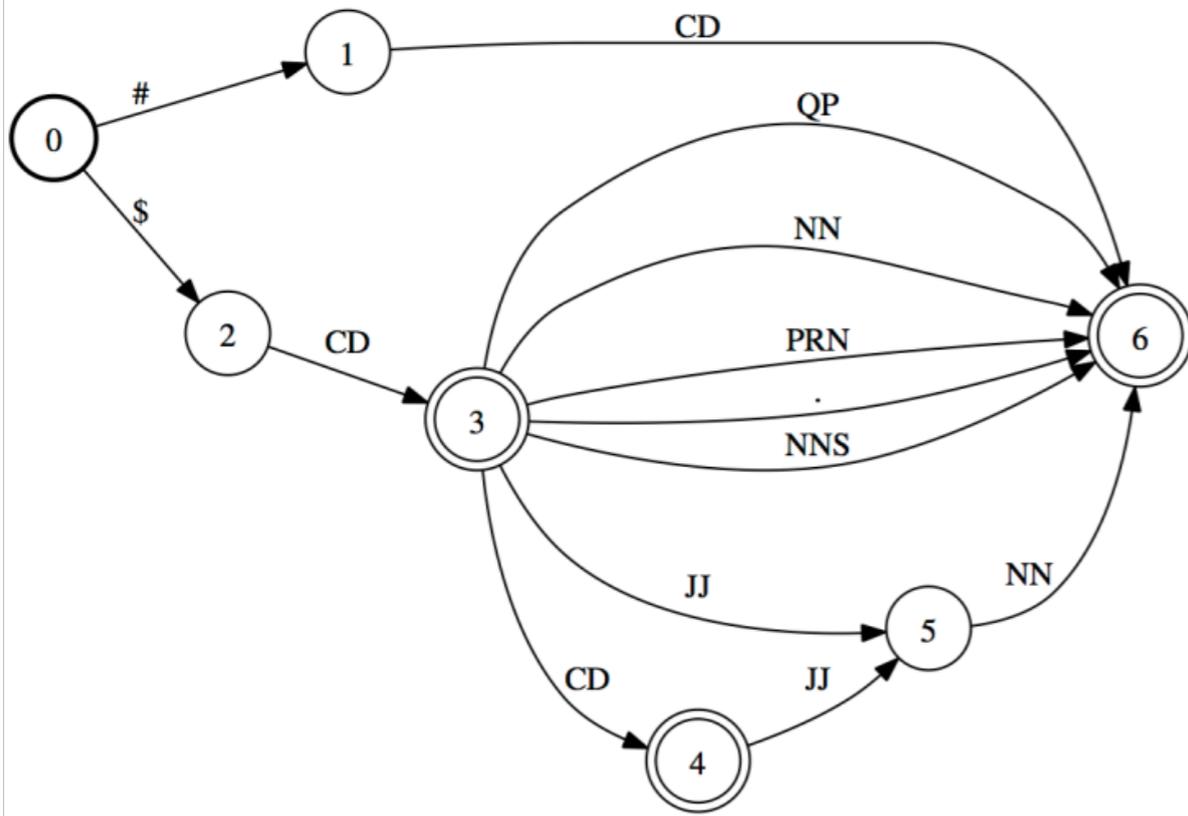
**Language is not pre-attentive: must foveate to
process the information**

\$ 20 happy meal

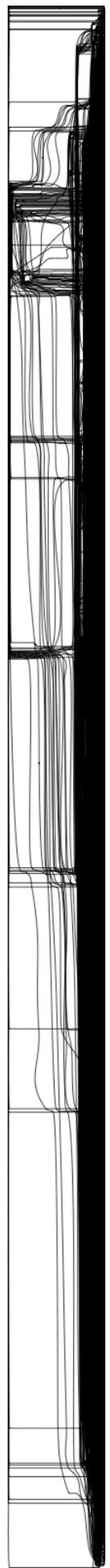
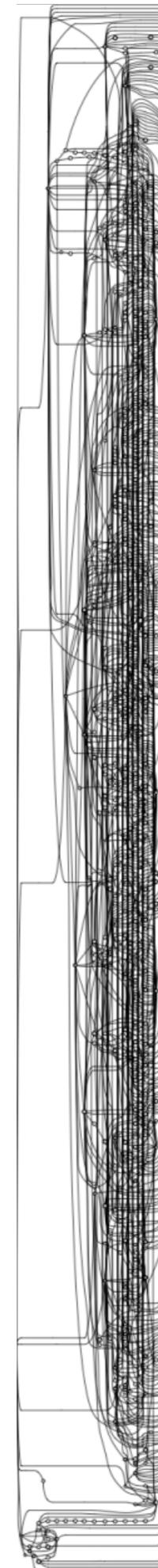
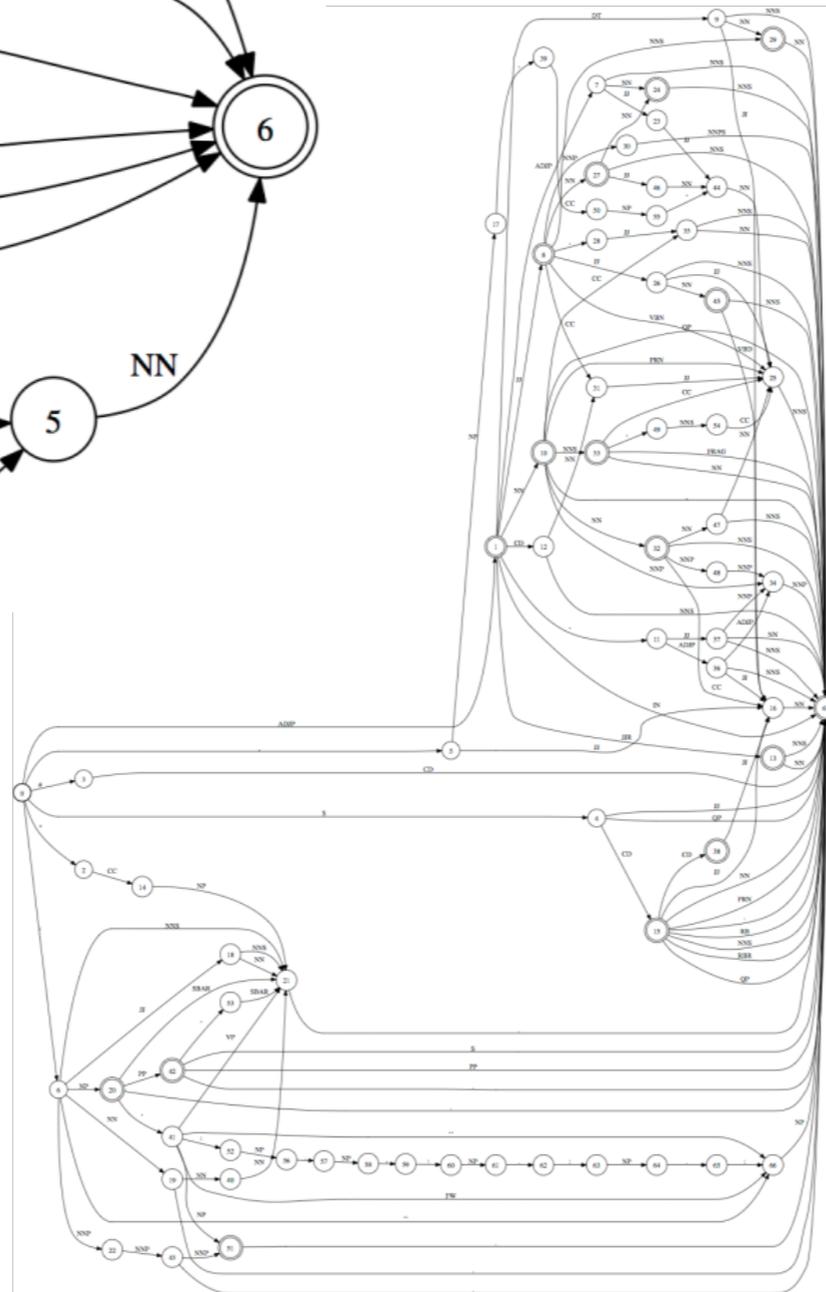
\$ CD JJ NN

1000 noun phrase types

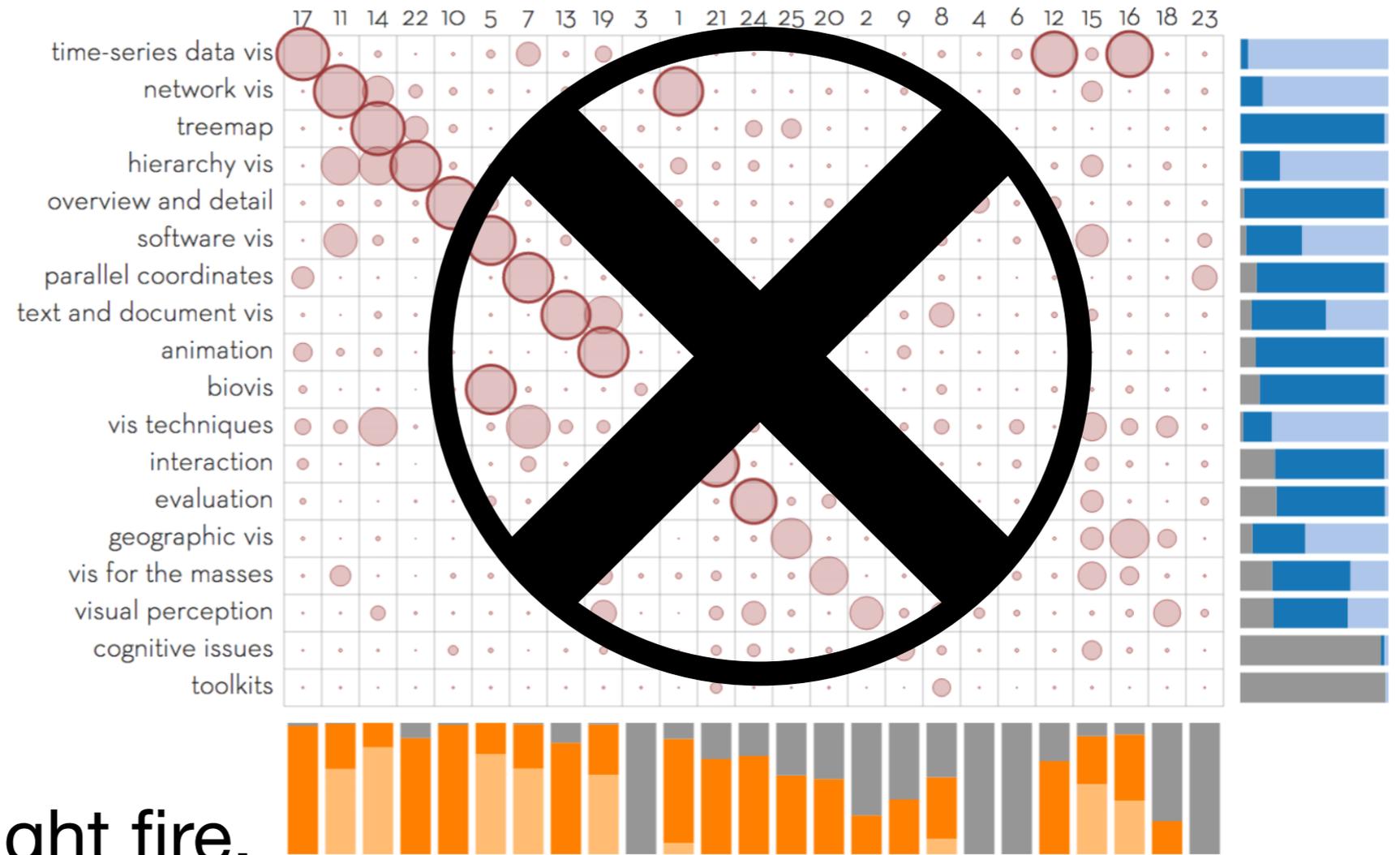
10 noun phrase types



100 noun phrase types



6K noun phrase types



- the engine.
- the engine caught fire.
- Passengers **believed** the engine caught fire.
- Passengers **reported** they saw streaks of flames out of the engine and **believed** the engine had caught fire.

Our Approach

Summarization using Interactive Visualization

- Exploit (shallow) language understanding: **who** did **what** to **whom**, **when**, **where** and **how**.
- Visualize “things, not strings”*: exploit entity-linking of mentions in the text
- Map text spans to spatial, temporal, social views.
- From high dimensional words, phrases to low dimensional visualizations

*<http://googleblog.blogspot.ca/2012/05/introducing-knowledge-graph-things-not.html>

Lensing Wikipedia

Semantic roles and Entities

Role	Person	Organization	Location
<input type="text" value="Clear selection"/>	<input type="text" value="Clear selection"/>	<input type="text" value="Clear selection"/>	<input type="text" value="Clear selection"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
theme [7555] agent [7342] topic [3282] patient [3216] thing set [3138] entity changing [2969] new state [2958] corpse [2693] comment [2366] task [2016] entity defeated [1753] killer [1719] creator [1695] entity victorious [1598]	Augustus [445] Adolf Hitler [421] Hannibal [370] Charlemagne [331] Julius Caesar [321] Ptolemy [299] Heraclius [283] Antiochus III the Great [251] Charles Martel [251] Alexander the Great [238] Demosthenes [233] Belisarius [199] Pericles [196] Hadrian [196]	East India Company [154] NBC [139] CBS [122] Boeing [105] Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer [94] Dutch East India Company [84] American Broadcasting Company [74] BBC [34] The Walt Disney Company [34] Ford Motor Company [34] The New York Times [33] Microsoft [33] United Airlines [33] IBM [31]	United States [4746] England [3317] Rome [3092] France [2318] China [2063] Athens [1983] Italy [1758] London [1625] Germany [1352] Egypt [1305] Japan [1279] Constantinople [1213] Spain [1196] Sparta [1195]

Person: Napoleon



d Entity facets

1879 CE: attach

June 1 – Napoléon, Prince Imperial (Napoléon IV), great-nephew of Napoléon Bonaparte, Bonapartist pretender to the French throne, is killed in Africa while **attached** to the British Army during the [Anglo-Zulu War](#).

1879 CE: kill

June 1 – Napoléon, Prince Imperial (Napoléon IV), great-nephew of Napoléon Bonaparte, Bonapartist pretender to the French throne, is **killed** in Africa while attached to the British Army during the [Anglo-Zulu War](#).

1840 CE: place

December 15 – The corpse of [Napoleon](#) is **placed** in the [Hôtel des Invalides](#) in Paris.

1840 CE: bury

He is **buried** in [Les Invalides](#). [+]

Role

Clear selection



- entity defeated [22]
- agent [21]
- entity victorious [20]
- theme [12]
- topic [8]
- comment [6]
- corpse [5]
- impelled action [4]
- beginner [4]

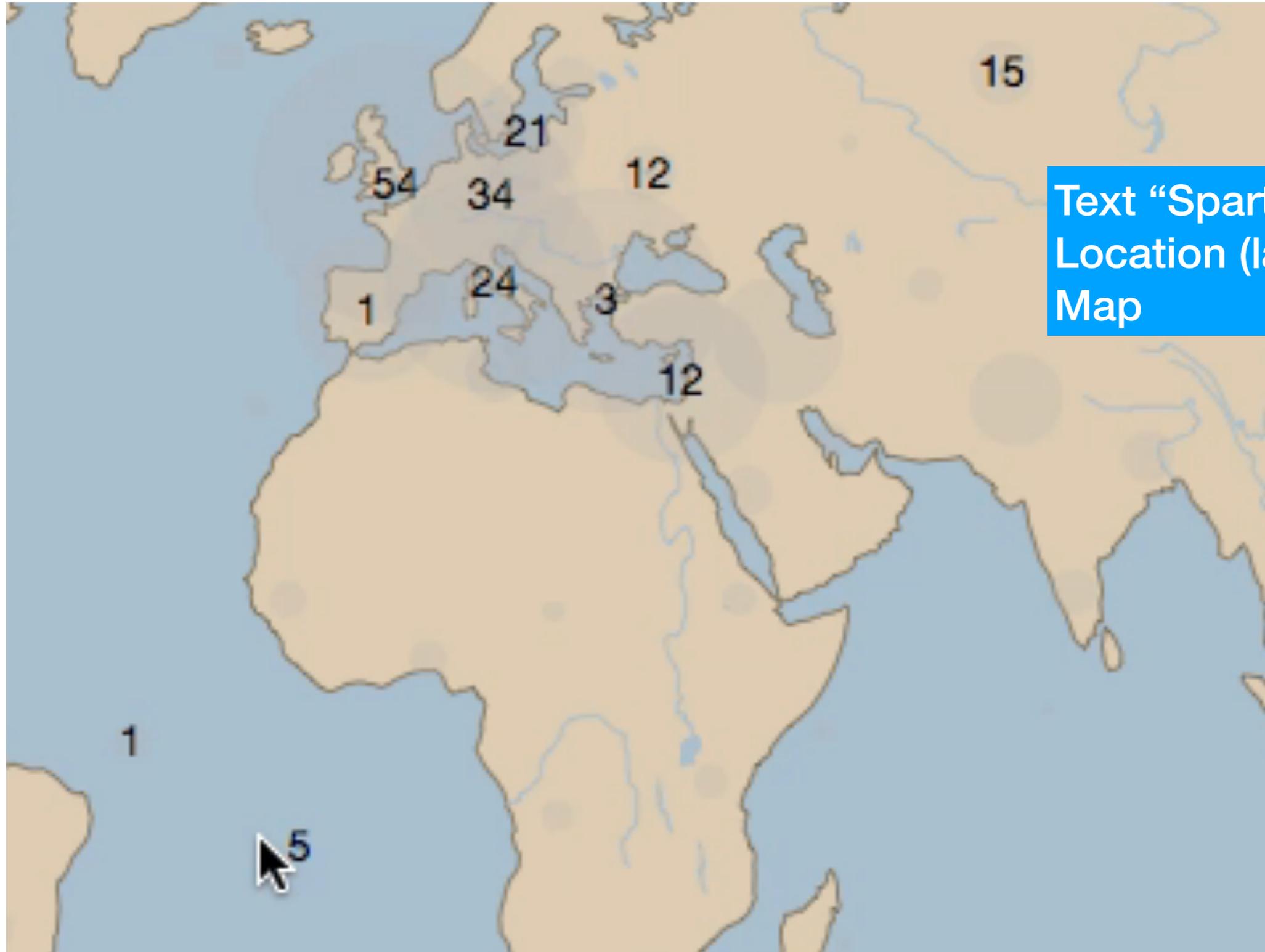
Person

Clear selection



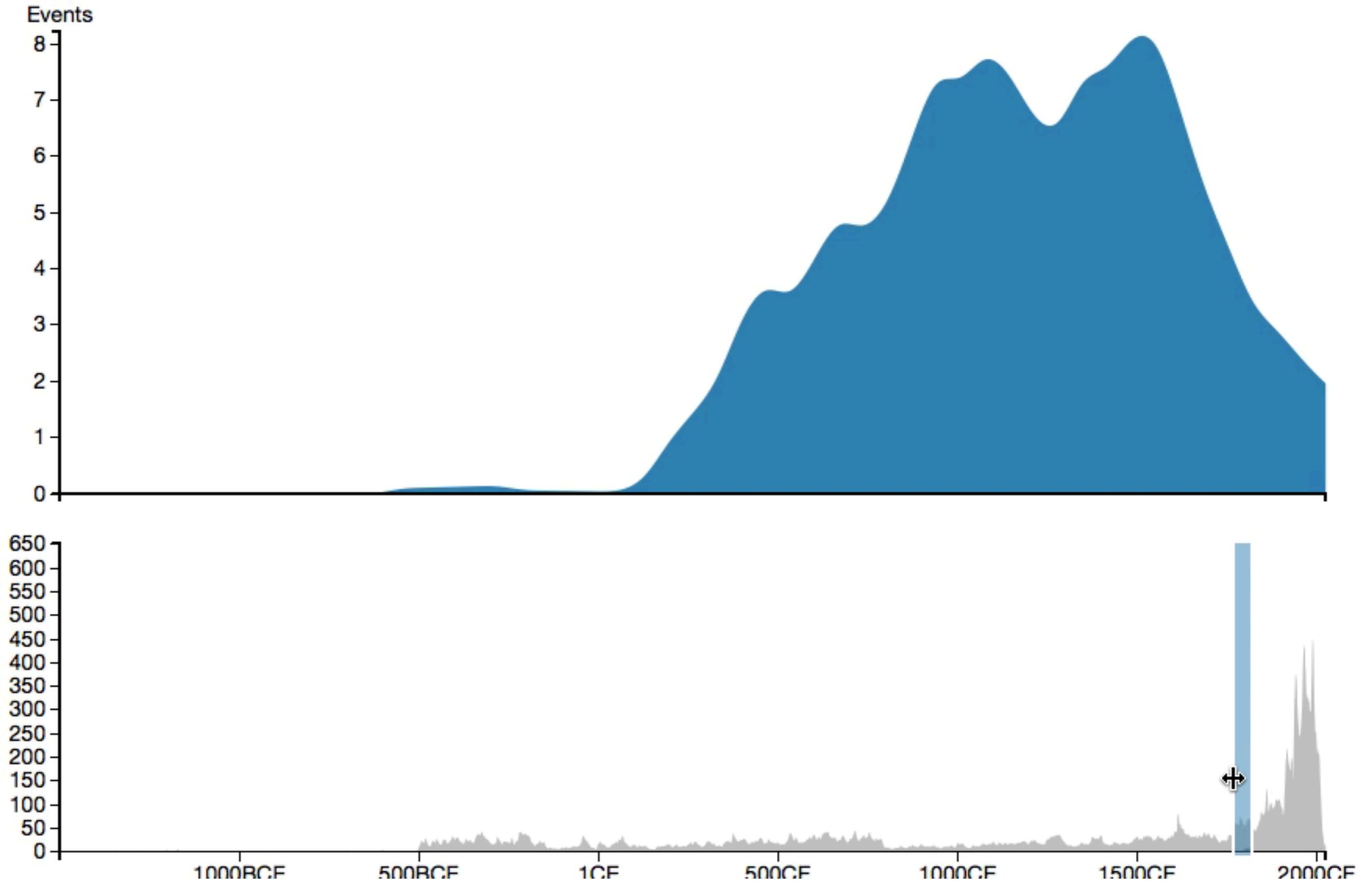
- Napoleon [157]**
- Alexander I of Russia [6]
- Levin August, Count von [4]
- Louis-Nicolas Davout [4]
- Simón Bolívar [3]
- Scipione Borghese [3]
- Archduke Charles, Duke [3]
- Charles William Ferdinar [3]
- Karl Mack von Leiberich [3]

Location mentions in text

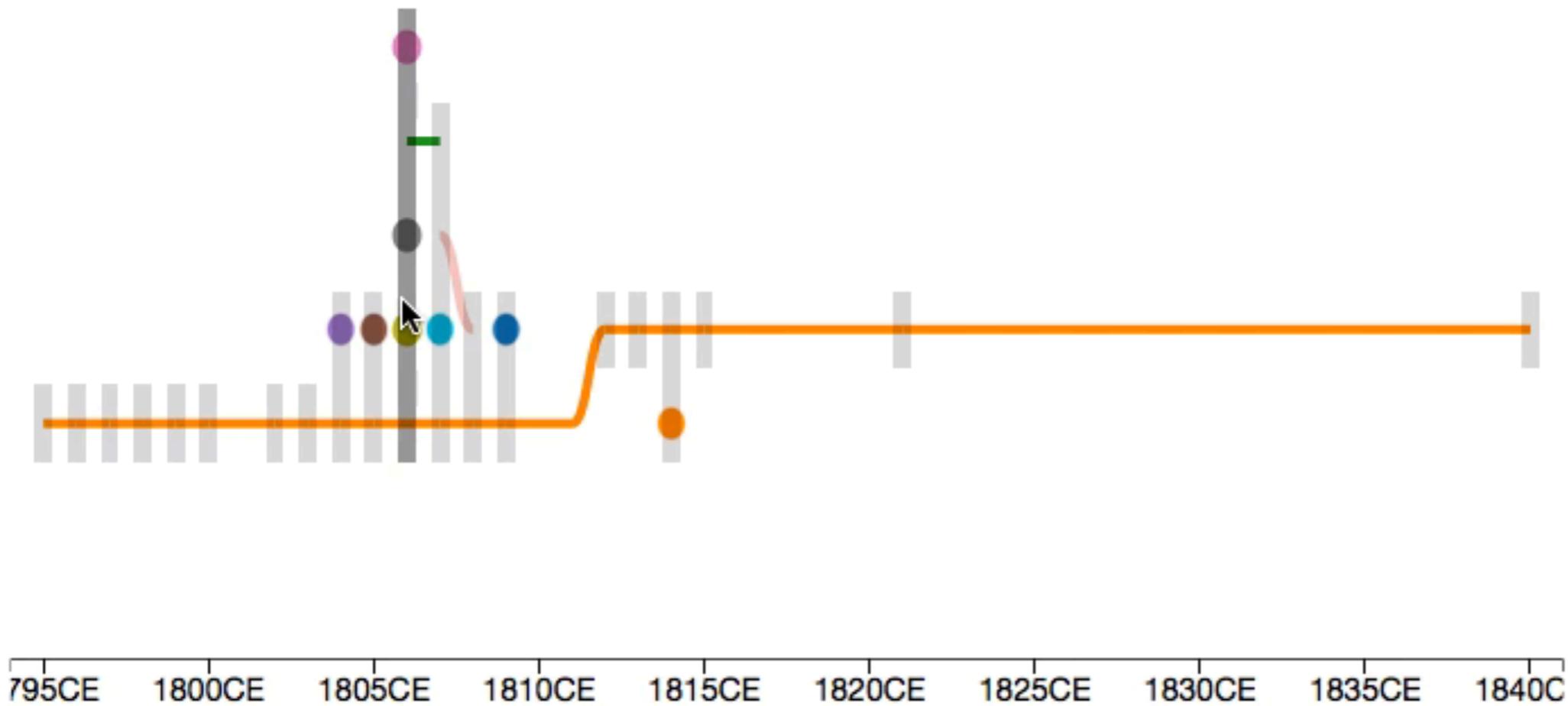


Text "Sparta" :-
Location (lat, long) :-
Map

Timeline of Events



Storylines



Napoleon

Simón Bolívar

Karl Mack von
Leiberich

Levin August, Count
von Bennigsen

Charles William
Ferdinand, Duke of
Brunswick-Wolfenbüttel

Frederick Louis, Prince
of Hohenlohe-
Ingelfingen

Louis-Nicolas Davout

Alexander I of Russia

Scipione Borghese

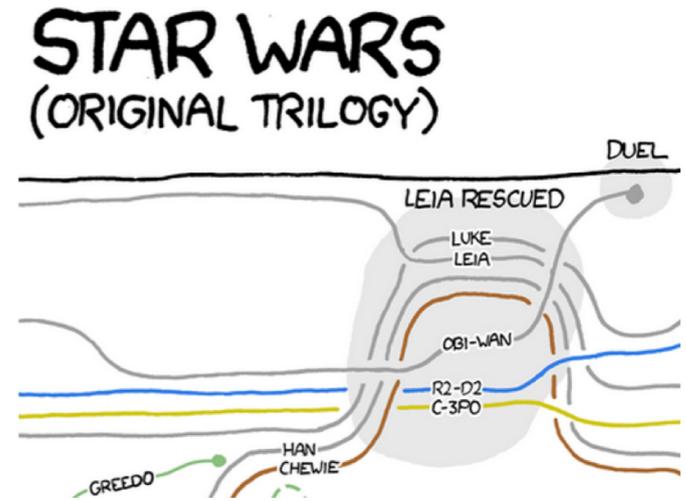
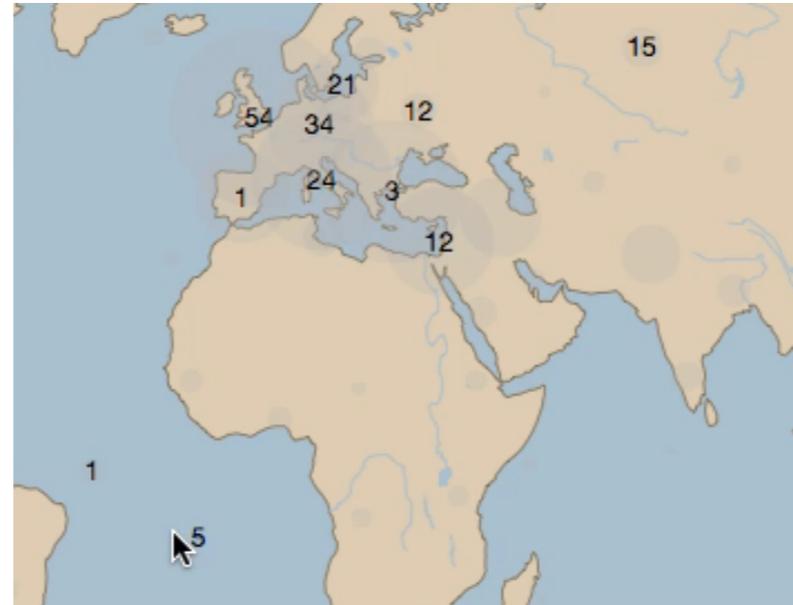
Archduke Charles,
Duke of Teschen

Gebhard Leberecht von
Blücher



Lensing Wikipedia

Role	Person	Organization	Location
<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Clear selection"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Clear selection"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Clear selection"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Clear selection"/>
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Person: Napoleon

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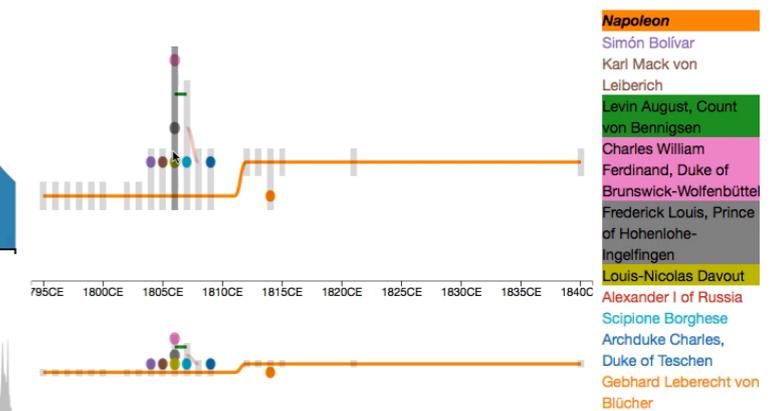
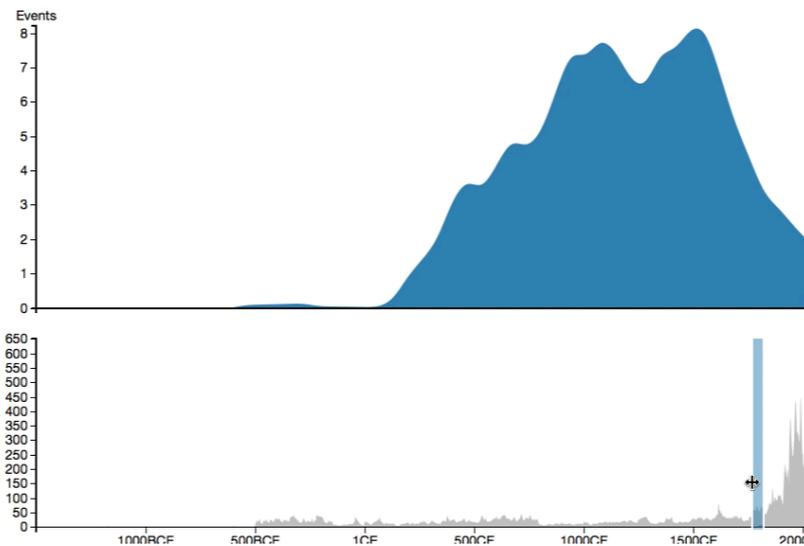
1840 CE: place

December 15 – The corpse of Napoleon is placed in the Hôtel des Invalides in Paris.

1840 CE: bury

He is buried in Les Invalides. [+]

Role	Person
<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Clear selection"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Clear selection"/>
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Notes



On May 12 1797, Napoleon conquered Venice. The last ruler of Venice, referred to as the Doge, was Ludovico Manin. He was forced to step down as Doge by Napoleon. This event ended 1,100 years of independence for Venice.



From text data to visualization



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1471

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Events [\[edit\]](#)

January–December [\[edit\]](#)

- [March 1](#) – Emperor [Le Thanh Tong](#) captures the Champa Capital, establishing new regions in middle Vietnam.
- [March](#) – The [Yorkist King Edward IV](#) returns to England to reclaim his throne.
- [April 14](#) – [Battle of Barnet](#): Edward defeats the [Lancastrian](#) army under [Warwick](#), who is killed.

March 1 – Emperor Le Thanh Tong captures the Champa Capital, establishing new regions in middle Vietnam

Semantic Role Labeling

March 1 – Emperor Le Thanh Tong captures the Champa Capital, establishing new regions in middle Vietnam

predicate

capture

arg0

Emperor Le Thanh Tong

arg1

the Champa Capital

Semantic Role Labeling

- Semantic role labeling is a well studied NLP task
- Can be modelled as structured prediction
- First step: syntactic parsing of the text to obtain mention spans
- Second step: identify and classify semantic roles based on the syntactic structure
- Trained on the PropBank corpus (1M words of Wall Street Journal) — need for domain adaptation

Semantic Role Labeling

March 1 – Emperor Le Thanh Tong captures the Champa Capital, establishing new regions in middle Vietnam

predicate

capture

arg0

Emperor Le Thanh Tong

arg1

the Champa Capital

Named Entity Recognition

person

Emperor Le
Thanh Tong

location

Vietnam

Semantic Role Labeling

location **Vietnam**

Vietnam

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Coordinates:  16°10′N 107°50′E

Vietnam (UK: /ˌvjɛtˈnæm, -ˈnɑːm/, US: /ˌviɛtˈnɑːm, -ˈnæm/ listen^[10]), Vietnamese: *Việt Nam* listen listen), officially the **Socialist Republic of Vietnam** (Vietnamese: *Cộng hòa xã hội chủ nghĩa Việt Nam* (listen)), is the easternmost country on the **Indochina Peninsula** in **Southeast Asia**. With an estimated 94.6 million

Socialist Republic of Vietnam
Cộng hòa xã hội chủ nghĩa Việt Nam (Vietnamese)



Flag



Emblem

Semantic Role Labeling

March 1 – Emperor Le Thanh Tong captures the Champa Capital, establishing new regions in middle Vietnam

predicate

capture

arg0

Emperor Le Thanh Tong

arg1

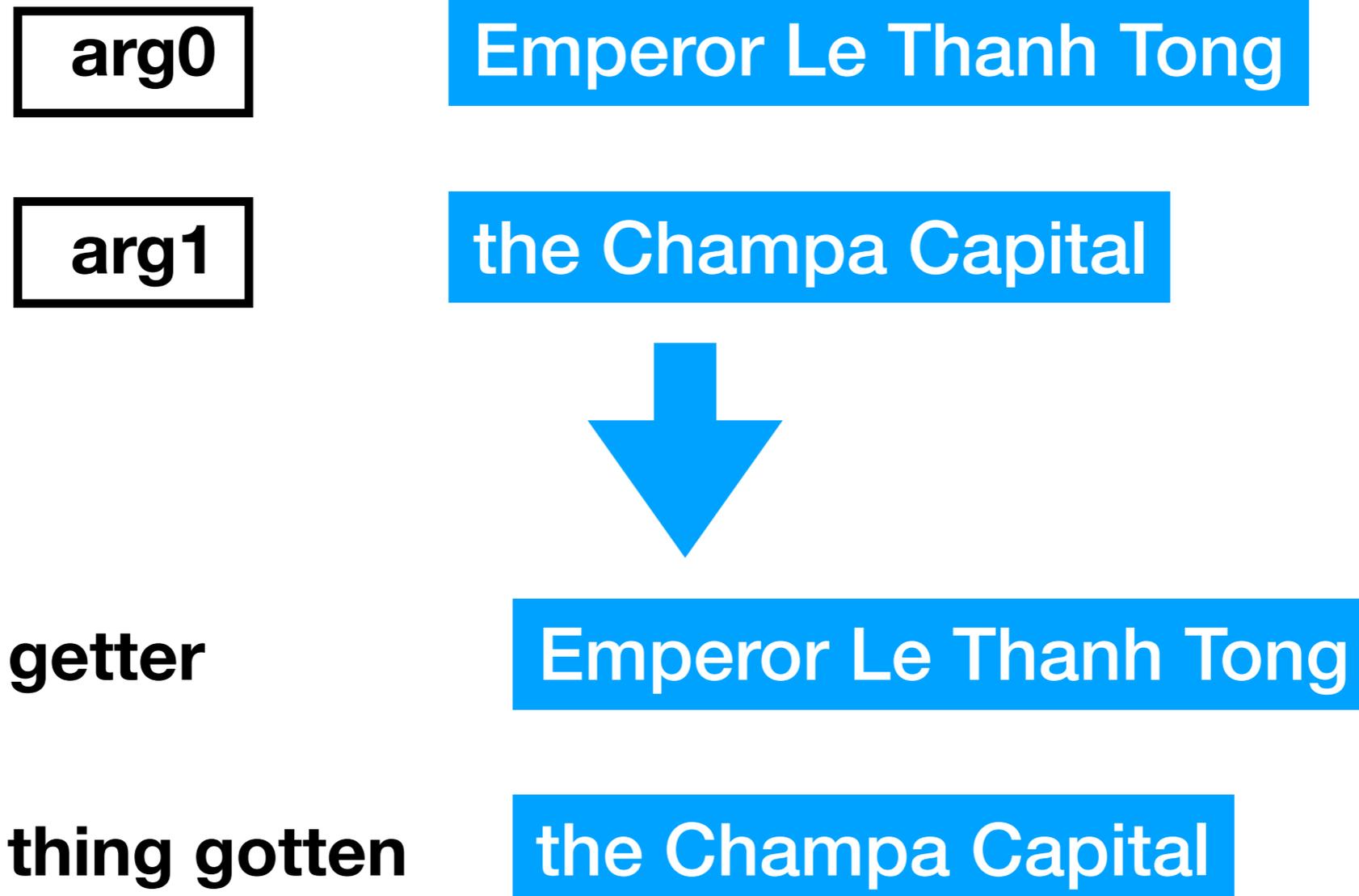
the Champa Capital

location

Vietnam

Semantic Role Labeling

March 1 – Emperor Le Thanh Tong captures the Champa Capital, establishing new regions in middle Vietnam

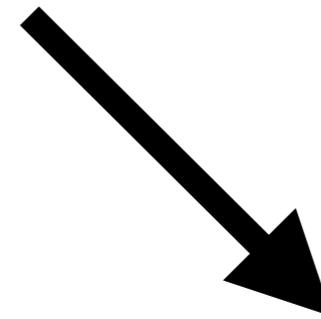


Predicate sense disambiguation

Mary gamely kicked in \$5 towards John's bail .

predicate

kick



kick.01

arg0

kicker

arg1

thing kicked

arg2

instrument

kick.03

arg0

contributor

arg1

contribution

arg2

given to

Predicate sense disambiguation

- Train a classifier to predict the **verbose labels** for each argument of a predicate, “arg0”, “arg1”, etc.
- Exploit metadata written by annotators on the PropBank corpus (1M words of Wall Street Journal).
- Our best classifier obtained 92% accuracy on the PropBank corpus. Performance is lower on Wikipedia.
- Creates a lightweight ontology that is predicate-centric
- Some of the human annotations are a bit strange, e.g. for predicate “resurrect”.

Demo

User Study

Interaction Types

Interaction Type

Lensing Wikipedia

Input

Faceted browsing of entities

Control

Remove constraints

Informational

Storyline, Timeline, Comparison,
Map, Follow link to Wikipedia

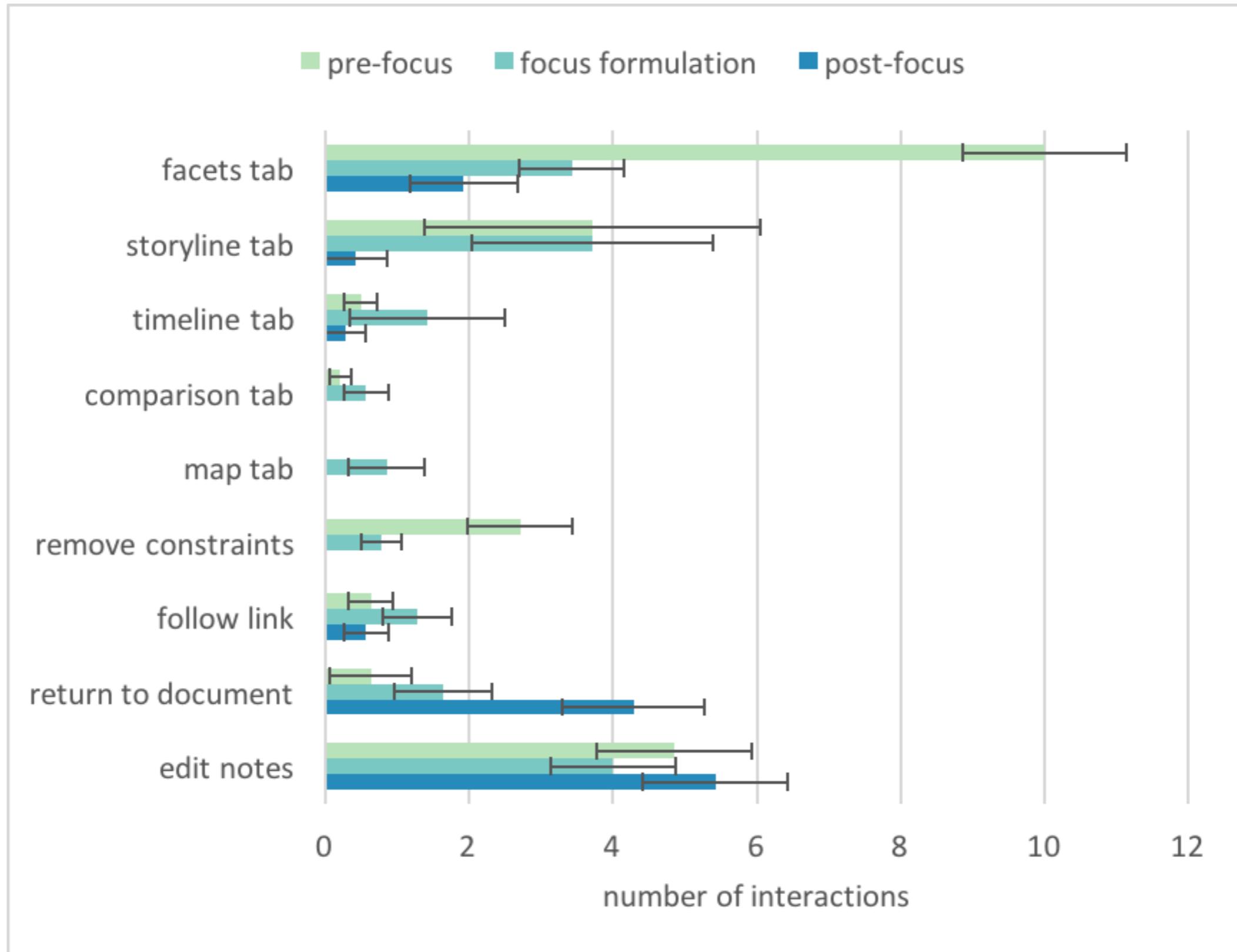
Personalization

Return to document, Edit notes

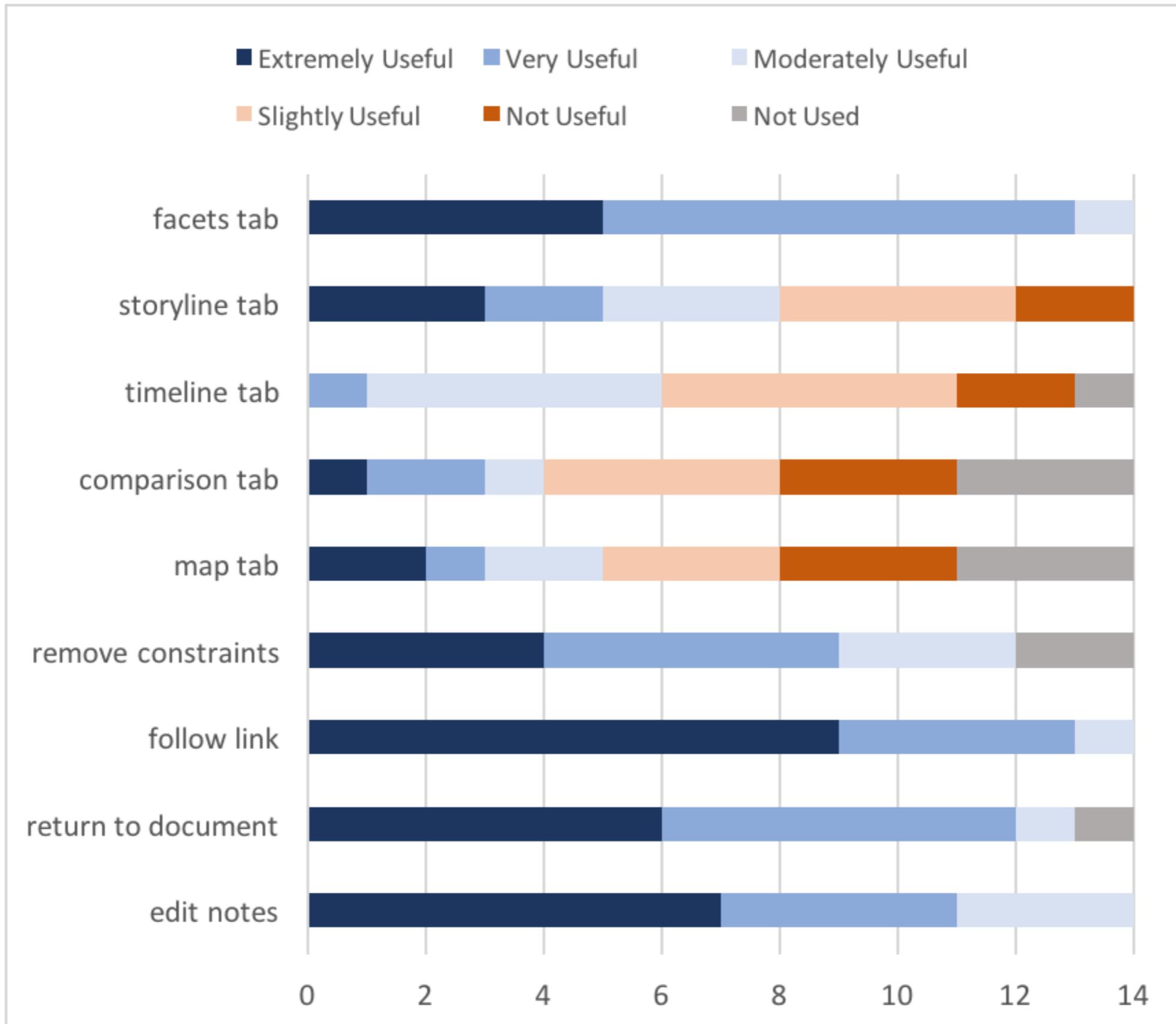
The Task

- User study design based on Vakkari (2003)
- Write a 200 word outline for an essay on relationship between [primary person] and another person in history.
 1. Find a small set of important people related to [primary person]. **Pre-focus**
 2. Narrow focus down to one person and study the relationship to [primary person]. **Focus formulation**
 3. Collect 5 Wikipedia articles and write the 200 word summary for the essay. **Post-focus**

Number of Interactions

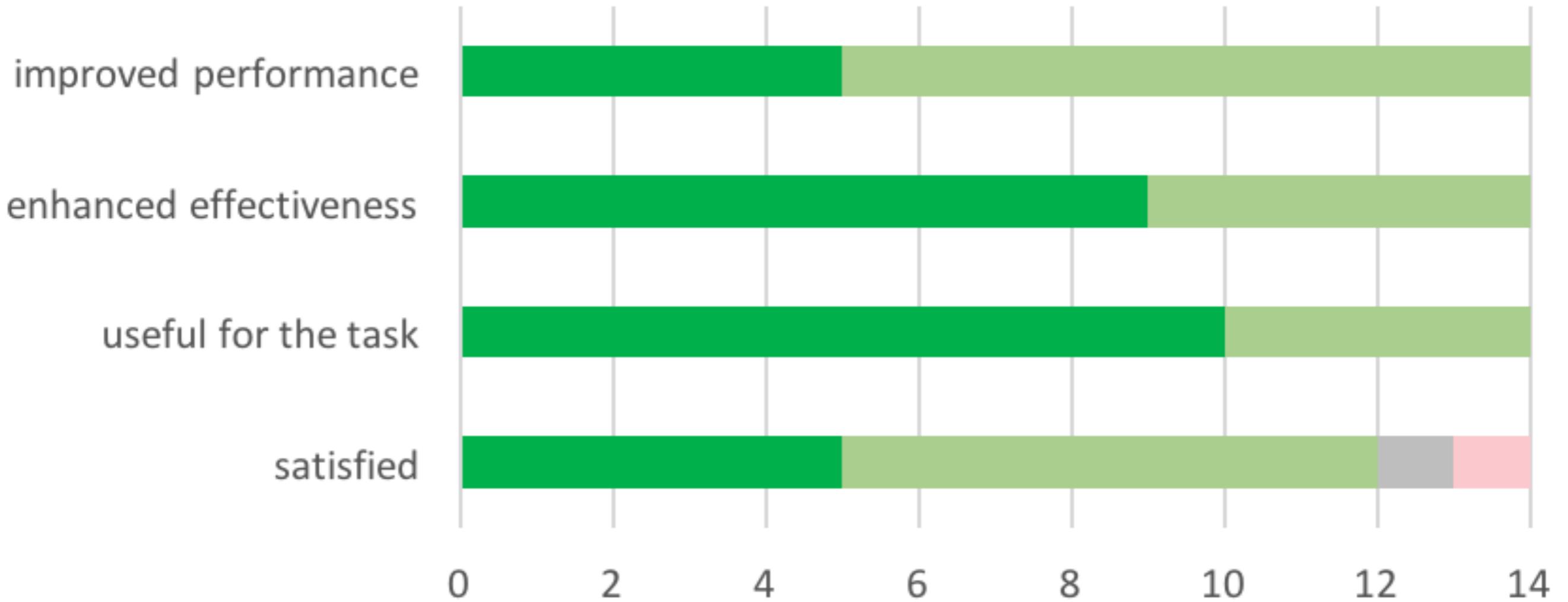


Useful Features

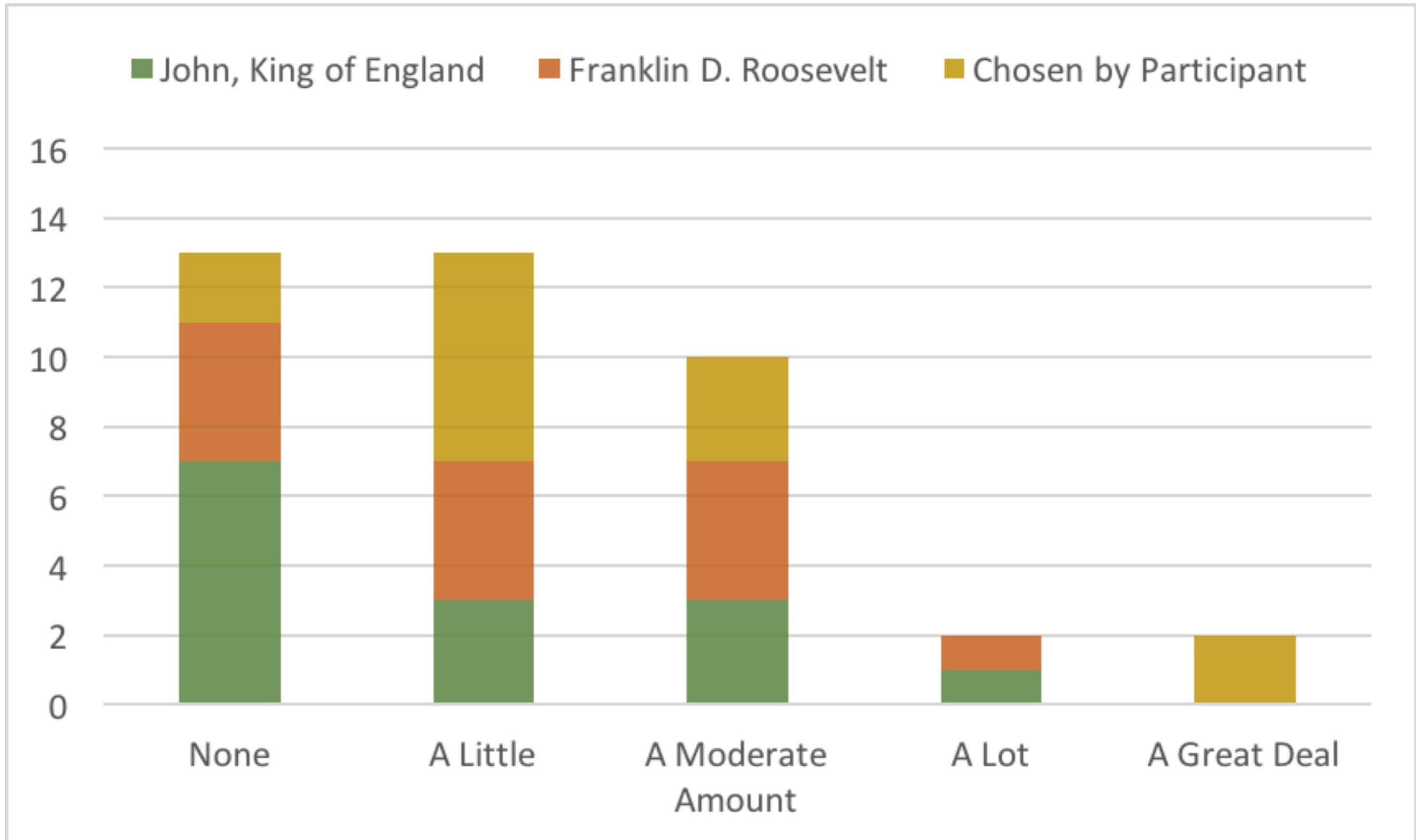


Overall Utility

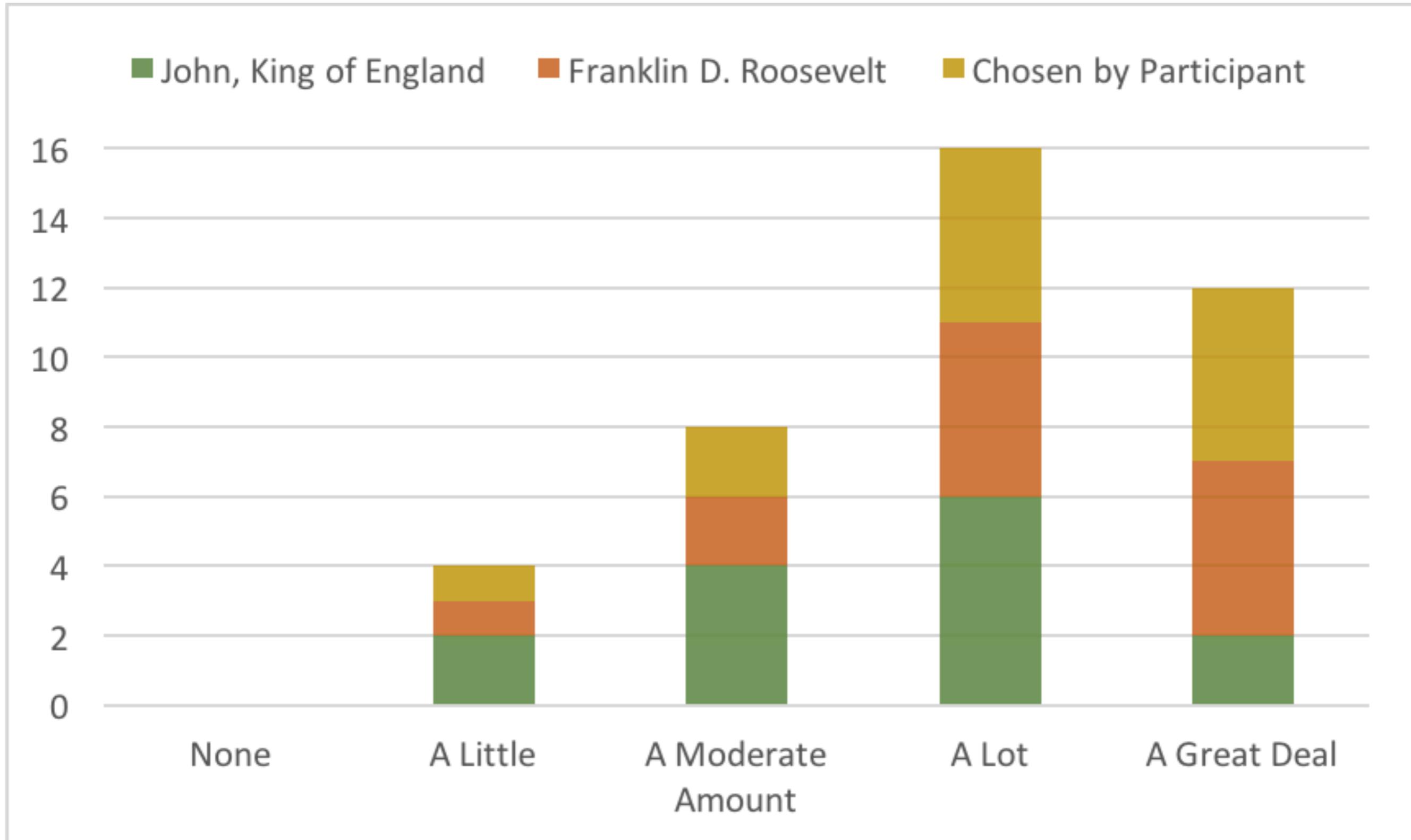
Strongly Agree Somewhat Agree Neutral Somewhat Disagree Strongly Disagree



Prior Knowledge of the User



Knowledge gained by user



Conclusions from user study

- Participants self-reported positive knowledge gain over using text search only.
- Participants found the tool useful and were satisfied
 - Group features that are often used together
 - Re-evaluate the utility of the less-used features
 - Combine storyline, timeline and map for a unified view
 - Produce dynamically generated natural language summaries

Open-source software

github.com/sfu-natlang/lensingwikipedia

```
$ git clone <repo>  
$ docker-compose build  
$ docker-compose up  
$ make staging  
Launch web browser
```

Thank you!