

Homework #9: MACM-300

Reading: Sipser; Chapter 3; Sections 3.1 and 3.2; Chapter 4; Section 4.1

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Only submit answers for questions marked with †.

- (1) † Provide a context-sensitive grammar for $L = \{a^n b^n c^n \mid n \geq 0\}$
- (2) Sipser, q3.1
- (3) Sipser, q3.2
- (4) † Sipser, q3.8.
- (5) † Provide a Turing machine that recognizes $L = \{a^n b^n c^n \mid n \geq 1\}$
- (6) † Sipser, q3.9
- (7) Sipser, q3.11
- (8) Sipser, q3.13
- (9) Sipser, q3.15
- (10) † The set of Turing-decidable languages is closed under complementation. However, the set of Turing-recognizable languages is not. Explain why the proof of closure under complementation for decidable languages from q3.15 does not work for Turing-recognizable languages.
- (11) Sipser, q3.22
- (12) Sipser, q4.3
- (13) † Sipser, q4.4
- (14) Sipser, q4.5
- (15) † Let $L = \{\langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ is a DFA that accepts some string of the form } ww^R \text{ for } w \in \{0,1\}^* \}$. Show that L is decidable.
Hint. Use the fact that context-free languages are closed under intersection with regular languages.