

SFU CMPT-212 2008-1 Topic: Namespaces

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Namespaces

Example:

```
1 std::cout <<i>;  
2 using namespace std;  
3 using std::cout;
```

Q. How to create and add functions, variables, etc into a namespace?

```
1 namespace name_of_namespace {  
2     declarations and definitions  
3 }
```

Comments:

- namespace cannot appear inside of a block: can be located at the global level or inside other namespaces
- namespace can be reopened many times, each time adding new declarations and definitions

Example:

```
1 namespace CMPT {
2     const int nstudents=58;
3     float grades[nstudents];
4     float add(int, float);
5     struct Student { ... };
6 }
7
8 namespace CMPT {
9     float add(int sn, float incr) {
10         grades[sn] += incr;
11         return grades[sn];
12     }
13 }
```

Accessing names in a namespace

- using the *scope resolution operator* `::`

Examples:

```
1 CMPT::Student Fox;  
2 CMPT::add(CMPT::nstudents-1, 7.5);
```

Note. `::` with omitted namespace name will access the global scope of the file:

```
1 int n=5;  
2 int main() {  
3     int n=6;  
4     cout << n;    // print 6  
5     cout << ::n; // print 5  
6 }
```

- using `using`-declarations — declares a name in the local scope

Example:

```
1  using CMPT::Student;
2  Student Fox;
3  {
4      using CMPT::nstudents;
5      cout << nstudents; // ok
6      int nstudents;    // error:
7                          //   nstudents already defined
8  }
9  cout << nstudents;    // unknown variable
```

- using `using`-directive — adds all names to the local scope as global names (no name conflicts — local names just hide global names!)

Example:

```
1  {
2      using namespace CMPT;
3      cout << nstudents; // ok, prints 58
4      int nstudents=20; // new local variable is created,
5                          // hides CMPT::nstudents
6      cout << nstudents; // prints 20
7  }
8  cout << nstudents; // unknown variable
```

- nested namespaces

```
1  namespace A {
2      namespace B { int c; }
3  }
4  A::B::c=2;
```

Sample questions

- Declare a namespace called `CMPT` containing global variable `students` of type `int`, a structure `Student` (containing at least 3 data members according to your choice) and a function with a header `void Print(const Student &s)`.

Show *three* different ways how to access a variable `students` from the namespace `CMPT` in a program.

- Which of the following lines will generate compiler error?

```
1 namespace Test {
2     int count;
3 }
4 int main() {
5     {
6         using Test::count;
7         int count;
8     }
9     {
10        using namespace Test;
11        int count;
12    }
13 }
```