SFU SIMON FRASER UNIVERSITY
ENGAGING THE WORLD

CMPT 120: Introduction to Computing Science and Programming 1

Data Representation: 2's Compliment

python™

Reminders

One-Stop Access To Course Information

- **Course website: One-stop access** to all course information.

  http://www2.cs.sfu.ca/CourseCentral/120/liaqata/WebSite/index.html

- Course Outline
- Exam Schedule
- Python Info
- CourSys/Canvas link
- Learning Outcomes
- Office Hours
- Textbook links
- and more…
- Grading Scheme
- Lab/Tutorial Info
- Assignments

- **Canvas**: Discussions forum - https://canvas.sfu.ca/courses/39187
- **CourSys**: Assignments submission, grades - www.coursys.sfu.ca

How to Learn in This Course?

A **Attend** Lectures & Labs

R **Read** / review Textbook/Slides/Notes

R **Reflect** and ask Questions

O **Organize** – your learning activities on weekly basis,

and finally…

W **Write** Code, Write Code, and Write Code.

Deliverables

1. Deliverables are due by the given date and time.
2. For the course, we are using IDLE to write and run our Python code.
3. You can use the CSIL lab computers outside your lab hours.
4. Plan ahead your assignments and other deliverables. Computer crash, network problems etc. are not acceptable excuses for delays in deliverables.
5. You may use online Python interpreters for running and testing your codes, such as:

   https://repl.it/languages/Python3

Labs

1. Each lab has an assigned TA.
2. Attend your assigned lab and show your work to your TA for the participation marks.
3. Class enrolments and lab swaps are closed now.

Course Topics

1. General introduction
2. Algorithms, flow charts and pseudocode
3. Procedural programming in Python
4. Data types and Control Structures
5. Fundamental algorithms
6. Binary encodings
7. Basics of computability and complexity
8. Basics of Recursion
9. Subject to time availability:
   - Basics of Data File management

Today's Topics

- Data Representation (Binary Encoding)
  1. Unsigned Integer
  2. Signed Integer
  3. Binary Addition
  4. 1's Compliment Representation
  5. 2's Compliment Representation

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Data Representation: 2's Compliment

Two's Complement Signed Integer Representation

- **Integer is represented by a string of binary digits.**
  - Representation is in 2's compliment form.
  - Right most bit is used for sing.
  - Remaining bits represent the value.

Sign bit	*N-1 Binary Digits: 2's Compliment*

- **Decimal to 2's Compliment form:**
- **For a Positive Number:**
  1. First bit is 0.
  2. Convert the number to its binary equivalent.
- **+ 7** is represented as: _____
- **+ 13** is represented as: _____

- **For a Negative Number:**
  1. Convert the number to its binary equivalent.
  2. Flip the bits
  3. Add 1.
- **- 7** would be represented as:
  1. Convert to binary: _____
  2. Flip the bits: _____
  3. Add 1. 1 = _____
- **- 13** would be represented as:
  1. Convert to binary: _____
  2. Flip the bits: _____
  3. Add 1. 1 = _____

Two's Complement Signed Integer Representation - 2

- **2's Compliment to Decimal:**
- **If first bit is 0, then:**
  1. The number is positive.
  2. Simply, convert the binary number to its decimal equivalent.
- **0001 0111** is 2's compliment representation of: +_____= +_____
- **If first bit is 1, then:**
  - The number is negative.
  - Flip all the bits. So, **1011 0001** becomes _____
  - Add 1. **1** = _____
  - Convert to decimal: **0100 1111** = _____ = _____ =_____
  - So 1011001 represents -_____

Two's Complement Signed Integer Representation - 3

- **2's Compliment to Decimal:**
- **0000 0000** is a 2's compliment representation of which decimal number?
  1. First bit is 0, so this is a representation of a positive number.
  2. Convert the bits to the decimal equivalent. _____ = _____
- **1000 0000** is a 2's compliment representation of which decimal number?
  1. First bit is 1, so this is a representation of a negative number.
  2. Flip all the bits. So, **1000 0000** becomes _____
  3. Add 1. **1** = _____
  4. Convert to decimal: _____ = ____ = _____
  5. So 1000 000 represents _____
- So, in 2's compliment, we no longer get two representations of 0.

More Examples: Two's Complement to Decimal

Remember if first digit is 1 flip bits then add 1

-85

1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1
2^7	2^6	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0
-							

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0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
2^7	2^6	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0

Adapted from: Janice Regan, 2013.

More Examples: Two's Complement to Decimal - 2

Remember if first digit is 1 flip bits then add 1

-52

1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
2^7	2^6	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0
-							

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0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
2^7	2^6	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0

Adapted from: Janice Regan, 2013.

More Examples: Decimal to 2's Complement

- -72 (number < 0)
  - Express 72 in 8 bit binary
    - 64 + 8
    - 01001000
  - Flip the bits:
    - 10110111
  - Add 1:
    - 10111000

- 35 (number > 0)
  - Express 35 in 8 bit binary
    - 32+2+1
    - 00100011

Your turn

- Which number is represented by the following 2's compliment pattern?

1. 10101010
2. 11011010

Represent in two's complement form.

1. 120
2. -59

Adapted from: Janice Regan, 2013.

Compare Representations

Bit Pattern	Decimal Value in Unsigned Representation	Decimal Value in Signed Representation	Decimal Value in 1's Comp Rep.	Decimal Value in 2's Comp Representation
0000 0000	0	+0	+0	0
0000 0001	1	1	1	1
0000 0010	2	2	2	2
0111 1110	126	126	126	126
0111 1111	127	127	127	127
1000 0000	128	-0	-127	–128
1000 0001	129	-1	-126	–127
1000 0010	130	-2	-125	–126
1111 1110	254	-126	-1	–2
1111 1111	255	-127	-0	–1

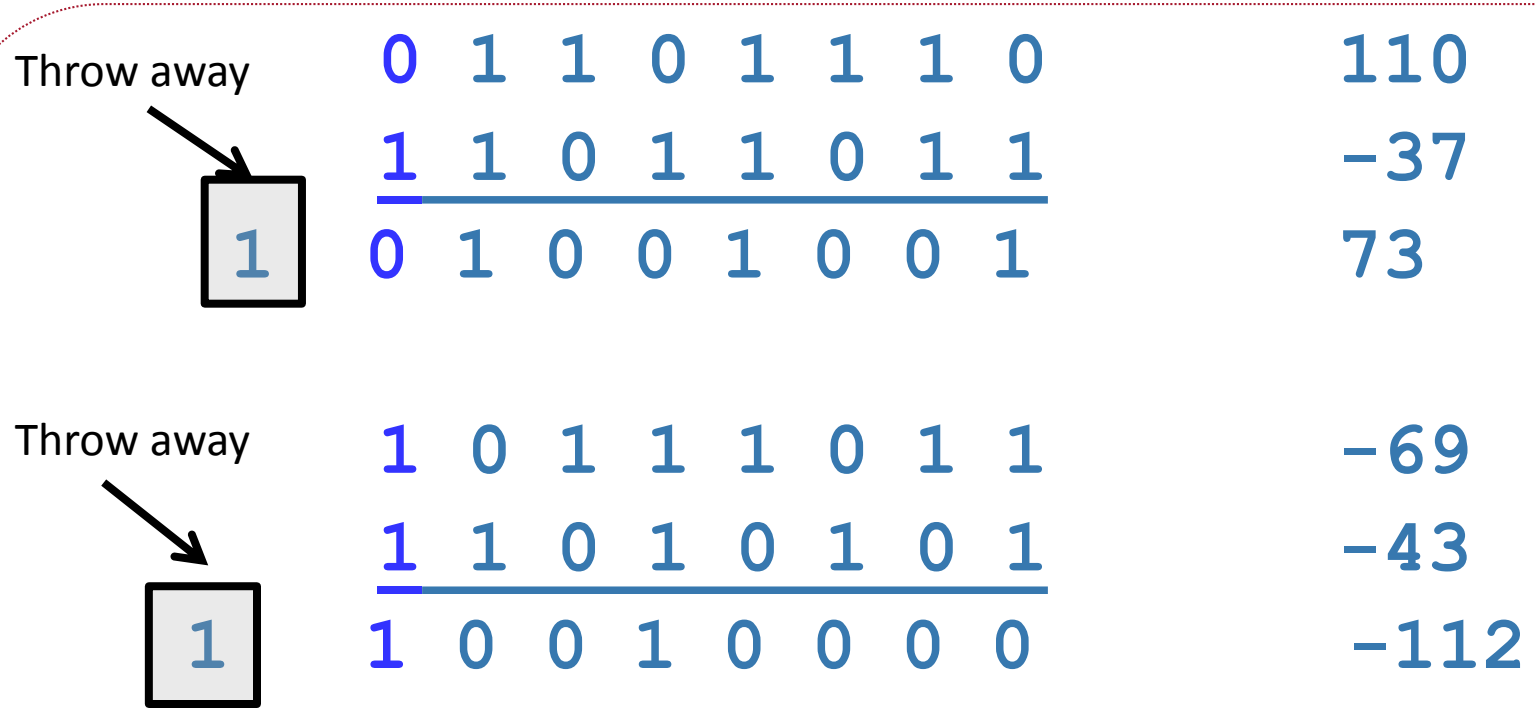
Twos Complement Addition

```
  0  0  1  1  1  0  0  0        56
  0  1  0  0  0  0  0  0        64
-------------------------------
  0  1  1  1  1  0  0  0      +120

  0  0  1  1  1  0  1  1        59
  1  0  0  0  0  1  1  1      -121
-------------------------------
  1  1  0  0  0  0  1  0       -62
```

Adapted from: Janice Regan, 2013.

Twos Complement Addition



Adapted from: Janice Regan, 2013.

Twos Complement Overflow

```
  0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0        110
  0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1         91    (sum exceeds +127)
  1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1        -55

  1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0        -96
  1 1 0 0 0 1 0 1        -59    (sum exceeds -128)
1 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1        +99
```

Adapted from: Janice Regan, 2013.

Overflow: 2's complement

- If the sum of two positive numbers is negative, overflow has occurred
- If the sum of two negative numbers is positive, overflow has occurred
- Overflow does not occur adding a positive number and a negative number.
- Overflow happens when there is carry over into the sign bit.

Adapted from: Janice Regan, 2013.

2's Complement

- Multiplication is performed by repeated addition in 2's complement form .
- Division is performed by repeated subtraction in 2's complement form.

Your Turn Again

- -66 : Represent as 2's compliment.
- 32 : Represent as 2's compliment.

- 48 – 64 : Perform 2's compliment addition.
- 57 + 22 : Perform 2's compliment addition.

Class Participation: Canvas Post

- How would computer add the following two numbers using twos compliment?

  +65

  -23

Required:

1. Write +65 as a 2's Compliment number.
2. Write -23 as a 2's Compliment number.
3. Add both the numbers
4. Post your solution on **Canvas** by **tonight**.

Questions?